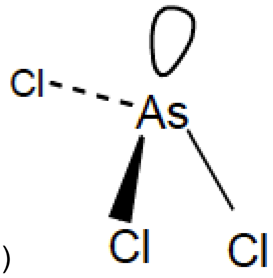
M1.(a) 

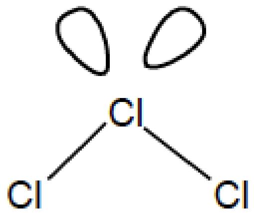
Mark is for 3 As-Cl bonds and 1 lone pair

1

(Trigonal) pyramid(al) / tetrahedral

Allow triangular pyramid

1



Mark is for 2 Cl-Cl bonds and 2 lone pairs
Do not penalise if + not shown

1

Bent / V-shaped / triangular

Not trigonal

1

(b) There are 4 bonds or 4 pairs of electrons (around As)

Can show in a diagram. If lone pair included in shape, CE = 0 / 2

1

(Electron pairs / bonds) repel equally

QoL

1

[6]

M2. (a) Iodine has more electrons / iodine is bigger (atom or molecule) / iodine has bigger M_r / bigger surface area

1

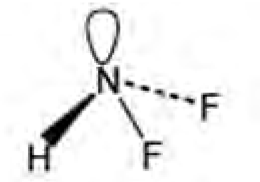
Stronger / more van der Waals forces / vdw / London / temporarily induced dipole / dispersion forces between molecules

1

Stronger VdW intermolecular forces = M2

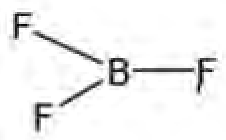
If stated VdW between atoms lose M2

(b) (i)



Mark is for 3 bp and 1 lp attached to N (irrespective of shape)

1



Mark is for 3 bp and 0 lp attached to B (irrespective of shape)

1

NHF_2 shape - pyramidal / trigonal pyramid

Accept tetrahedral / triangular pyramid

1

BF_3 shape - trigonal planar

Not triangular or triangular planar

1

(ii) 107°

Allow 106-108°

1

(c) Hydrogen bonds

Allow H-Bonds

Not just Hydrogen

Apply list principle eg Hydrogen bonding and dipole-dipole = 0

1

(d) Coordinate / dative covalent / dative

If covalent mark on

If ionic / metallic CE = 0

1

Lone pair / both electrons/ 2 electrons <u>on N(HF_2)</u> donated (to BF_3)

Direction of donation needed here

1

[10]

M3. (a) P = 100 000 (Pa) and V = 5.00 x 10^{-3} (m^3)

M1 is for correctly converting P and V in any expression or list Allow 100 (kPa) and 5 (dm^3) for M1.

1

$$n = \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{100\ 000 \times 5.00 \times 10^{-3}}{8.31 \times 298}$$

M2 is correct rearrangement of PV = nRT

1

= 0.202 moles (of gas produced)

This would score M1 and M2.

Therefore $\frac{0.202}{5}$ = 0.0404 moles B_2O_3

M3 is for their answer divided by 5

1

Mass of B_2O_3 = 0.0404 x 69.6

M4 is for their answer to M3 x 69.6

1

= 2.81 (g)

M5 is for their answer to 3 sig figures.

2.81 (g) gets 5 marks.

1

(b) B + 1.5 Cl_2 → BCl_3

Accept multiples.

1

3 bonds

1

Pairs repel equally/ by the same amount

Do not allow any lone pairs if a diagram is shown.

1

(c) (i) 43.2/117.3 (= 0.368 moles BCl_3)

1

0.368 x 3 (= 1.105 moles HCl)

Allow their BCl_3 moles x 3

1

Conc HCl = $\frac{1.105 \times 1000}{500}$

Allow moles of HCl × 1000 / 500

1

= 2.20 to 2.22 mol dm^{-3}

Allow 2.2

Allow 2 significant figures or more

1

(ii) $H_3BO_3 + 3NaOH \rightarrow Na_3BO_3 + 3H_2O$

Allow alternative balanced equations to form acid salts.

Allow $H_3BO_3 + NaOH \rightarrow NaBO_2 + 2H_2O$

1

(d) $\frac{10.8}{120.3}(\times 100)$

Mark is for both M_r *values correctly as numerator and denominator.*

1

8.98(%)

Allow 9(%).

1

Sell the HCl

1

(e) Alternative method

Cl = 86.8%

Cl = 142 g

1

B	Cl
$\frac{13.2}{10.8}$	$\frac{86.8}{35.5}$

B	*Cl*
$\frac{21.6}{10.8}$	$\frac{142}{35.5}$

1

1.22 2.45 or ratio 1:2 or BCl_2

2:4 ratio

1

BCl_2 has M_r of 81.8 so
81.8 x 2 = 163.6
Formula = B_2Cl_4

B_2Cl_4

Allow 4 marks for correct answer with working shown.

Do not allow $(BCl_2)_2$

1

[20]

M4.(a) Covalent

If not covalent CE = 0/2

If dative covalent CE = 0/2

If blank mark on

Ignore polar

If number of pairs of electrons specified, must be 3

1

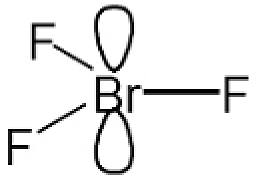
Shared <u>pair</u>(s) of electrons / one electron from Br and one electron from F

Not 2 electrons from 1 atom

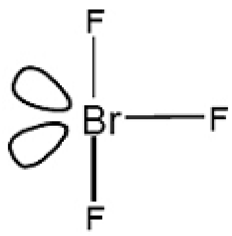
Not shared pair between ions/molecules

1

(b) (i)



or



BrF_3 should have 3 bp and 2 lp and correct atoms for the mark

Penalise Fl

1

BrF_3 if trigonal planar shown = 120°

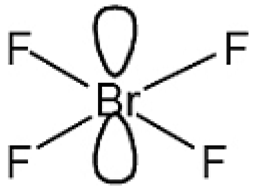
Allow 84 – 90° or 120° and ignore 180°

or if T shape shown 84 – 90°

Irrespective of shape drawn

1

(ii)



BrF_4^- should have 4 bp and 2 lp and all atoms for the mark(ignore sign)

Allow Fl

1

BrF_4^- 90°

Only

Ignore 180°

1

(c) Ionic or (forces of) attraction between ions / bonds between ions

If molecules, IMF, metallic, CE =0

If covalent bonds mentioned, 0/3, unless specified <u>within</u> the BrF_4^- ion and not broken

Ignore atoms

1

Strong (electrostatic) attraction / strong bonds / lots of energy needed to break bonds

1

Between K^+ and BrF_4^- ions/oppositely charged ions / + and – ions

If ions mentioned they must be correct

Strong bonds between + and – ions =3/3

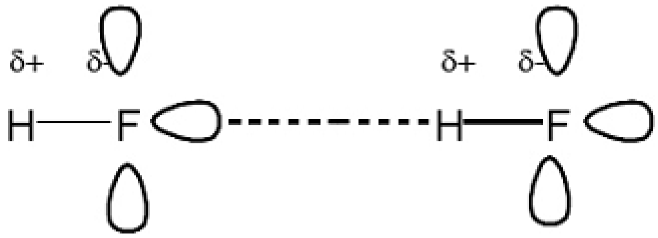
1

(d) (i) Hydrogen bonds/hydrogen bonding/H bonds/H bonding

Not just hydrogen

1

(ii)



One mark for 4 partial charges

One mark for 6 lone pairs

One mark for H bond from the lone pair to the Hδ+

Allow FI

If more than 2 molecules are shown they must all be correct.Treat any errors as contradictions within each marking point.

CE = 0/3 if incorrect molecules shown.

3

(e) vdw / van der Waals forces between molecules

QoL

Not vdw between HF molecules, CE = 0/2

vdw between atoms, CE = 0/2

If covalent, ionic, metallic, CE=0/2

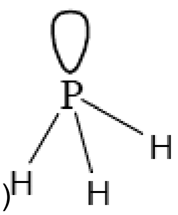
1

IMF are weak / need little energy to break IMF / easy to overcome IMF

1

[15]

M5. (a)



Need to see 3 P–H bonds and one lone pair (ignore shape).

1

(b) Coordinate / dative

If not coordinate / dative then chemical error CE=0 unless blank or covalent then M1 = 0 and mark on.

1

Pair of electrons on P(H_3) donated (to H+)

Do not allow a generic description of a coordinate bond.

1

(c) 109.5° / 109½ / 109° 28□

Allow answers in range between 109° to 109.5°

1

(d) Difference in electronegativity between P and H is too small

Allow P not very electronegative / P not as electronegative as N, O and F / P not electronegative enough / P not one of the 3 most electronegative elements.

Do not allow phosphine is not very electronegative.

1

[5]